Lebanon Hills Regional Park Natural Resources Management Plan

16 January, 2018







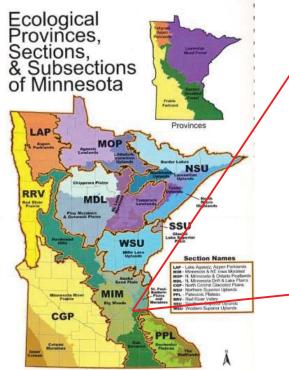
Topics

- 1. Project Process
- 2. Landscape Context
- 3. Landform
- 4. Vegetation
- 5. Water Resources
- 6. Wildlife
- 7. Rare/Unique Natural Features

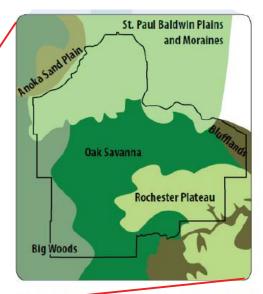
LEBANON HILLS REGIONAL PARK NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PLAN

Date	Tasks	Phase
August 2017	Project start	Initiation
September- December 2017	 Research & findings Existing conditions Stakeholder meetings 	Research & Findings
January-February 2018	Public Open HousePlanning Commission, County Board	
January-March 2018	 Issues and opportunities Develop approaches, priorities, and recommendations Stakeholder meetings 	Concept Develop- ment
April-May 2018	 Additional field work Draft Plan Pubic Open House, Planning Commission, County Board 	
June-August 2018	Final PlanPublic review (30 days)	Public Review
August-October 2018	Plan adoption	Plan Adoption

Ecological Subsection (MN DNR)



Vegetation

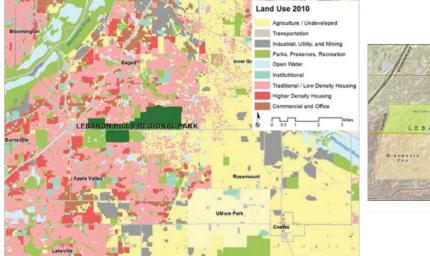


Dakota County lies at the junction of six ecological subsections — more than any other county in the state — creating a uniquely diverse landscape.

Sections and Subsections

Landscape Context

Adjacent Land Use



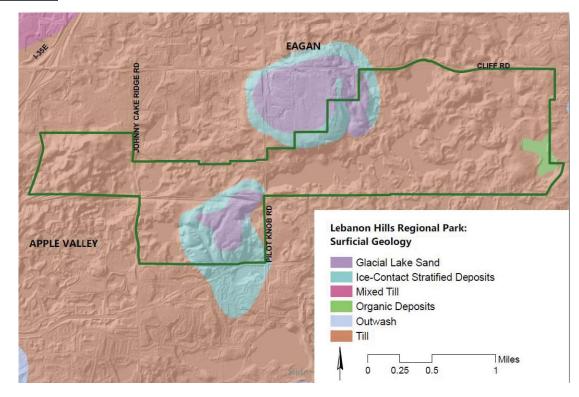




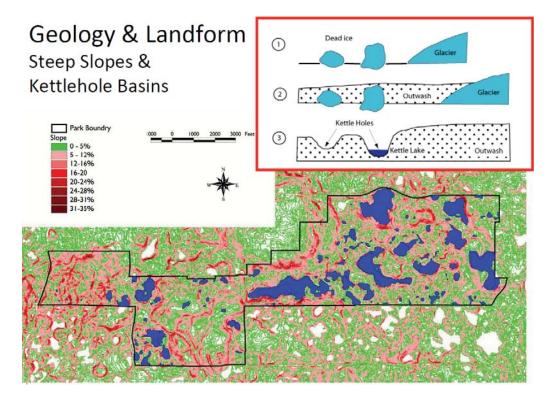
Park Characteristics Influencing Natural Resources Within the Park

- Size of the park
- Roads that bisect the park
- Development up to the park's boundary
- Many trails throughout the park
- Park located in the northern part of the County—most urban part
- Relatively isolated from other natural areas
- The most heavily used/visited of all Dakota County parks
- Stormwater runoff from outside of park (sediment, nutrient loading, pollution)
- Invasive species potential to be introduced into park

Surficial Geology



Topography

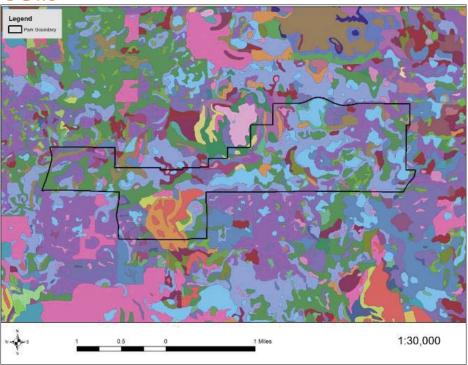


Landform

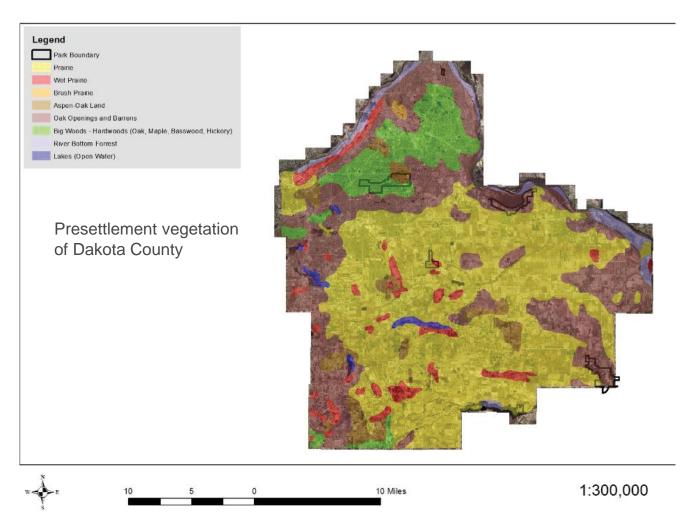
Landform

Landform

Soils

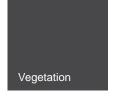


Source: Dakota County Parks Key: Sandy loams = violet, silt loams = orange. Light blue = lakes



MCBS Biodiversity



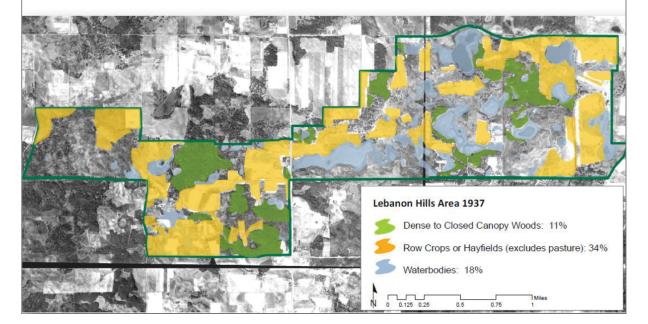


Vegetation

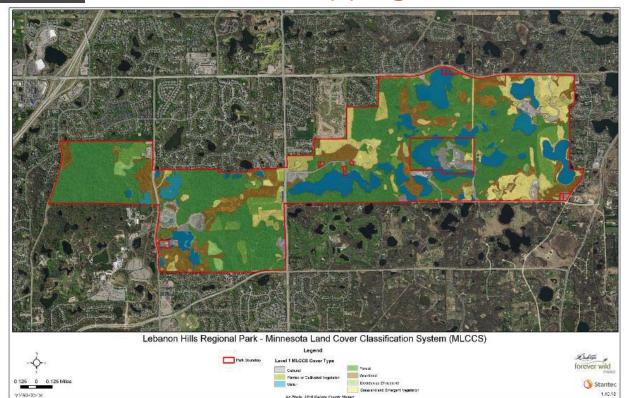
Land Cover & Land Use Trends

Agricultural Era: 1850-1960

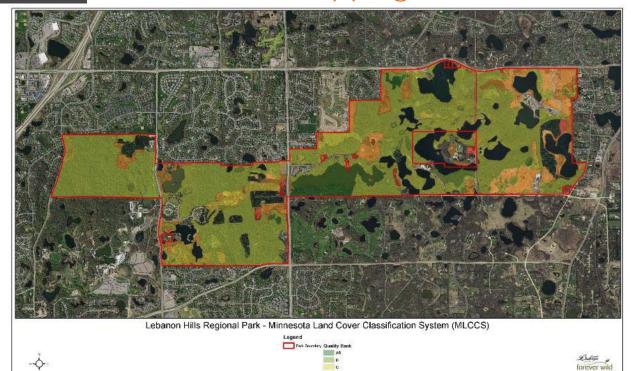
In 1937 farmers plowed wetlands; poor crops in uplands



Land Cover Mapping Results



Land Cover Mapping Results



10

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1.10.18

Vegetation

Vegetation

Examples of Cover Types

Vegetation







Sceptridium multifiduum

Rattlebox,

Rare Plants: Grapeferns, and orchids

Sceptridium oneidense

Sceptridium dissectum dissectum



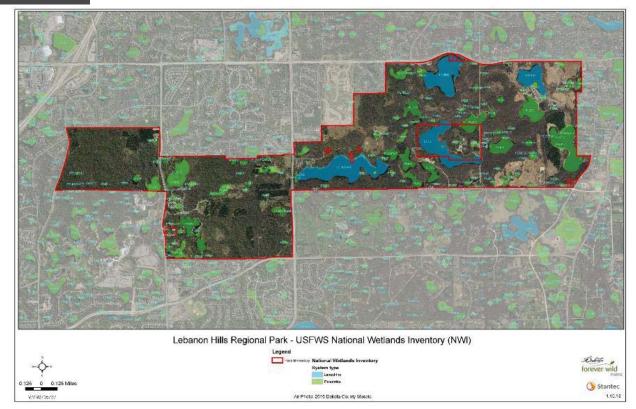
Crotalaria sagitallis "Rattlebox"



Downy

Water Resources

Wetlands



Water Resources

Wetland Function & Values Assessment



MnRAM - Ranking results for select categories (Total wetlands sampled = 32)

Category	Exceptional	High	Moderate	low	N/A
Vegetative Divertity/Integrity	0	2	12	18	C
Wikilite Habitat Shucture	2	16	12	0	0
Amphibian heibiliaf	Q	34	4	0	4
Sensitivity to Stormwater & Urban Development	9	2	21	0	C



Water <u>Reso</u>urces

Wetlands









2017 AIS Action Plan



Figure S3. Location of 18 of the 20 selected waterbodies in Dakota County Parks



Figure S4. [left] Underwater view of curlyleaf pondweed in Empire Lake on June 23, 2016. [right] Underwater view of Eurasian watermilfoil in Portage Lake on August on August 2, 2016.

Water Resources

ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION: WHAT IS IT AND HOW DO WE ACHIEVE IT?

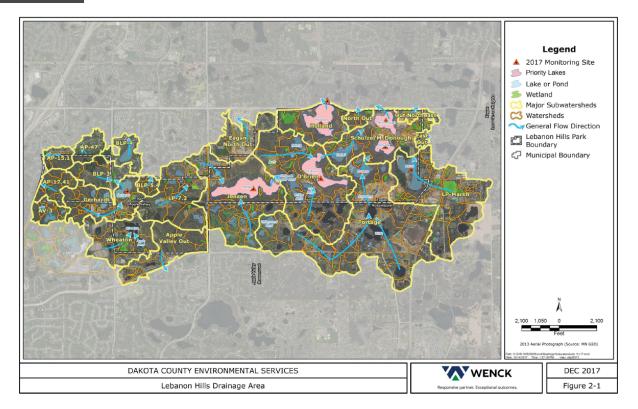


Ecological restoration is the process of assisting the recovery of an ecosystem that has been degraded, damaged, or destroyed.

- Intentional activity
- Accelerates the recovery of an ecosystem with respect to its health, integrity, and sustainability
- Attempt to return an ecosystem to its historic trajectory
- Determine historic conditions that existed prior to degradation
- Put the ecosystem back on a trajectory similar to its historic one
- Long-term commitment of land and resources
- Requires thoughtful deliberation
- Develop collective decisions
- Gain consensus among stakeholders
- Careful and systematic planning
- Monitored approach

Photo by Scott Hagen

2017 Subwatershed Assessment



Water Resources

2017 Subwatershed Assessment

- Five lakes studied
 - Jensen, O'Brien, Shulze, McDonough, Holland
- Characteristics of lakes and their watersheds
 - Generally small watersheds; water quality moderate to good; shallow lakes, with exception of Holland
- Aquatic vegetation survey
 - Submergent plant cover high; quality of cover is only fair; AIS present (EWM in 4 of 5 lakes and CLP in 3 of 5 lakes)
- Fisheries
 - Three lakes stocked by MN DNR, including trout in Holland; fish surveys needed
- Erosion assessment
 - By remote assessment/on-foot surveys; identified key locations
- Proposed Stormwater BMP projects
 - 15 recommended projects to reduce nutrients and other impacts to lakes

Historic wildlife

- Large grazers common (elk & bison)
 - Influenced vegetation
 - Landscape-scale effects
- Keystone species of historic landscapes lost
 - Loss of biodiversity reduces stability and resilience of natural systems





Rare Natural Features

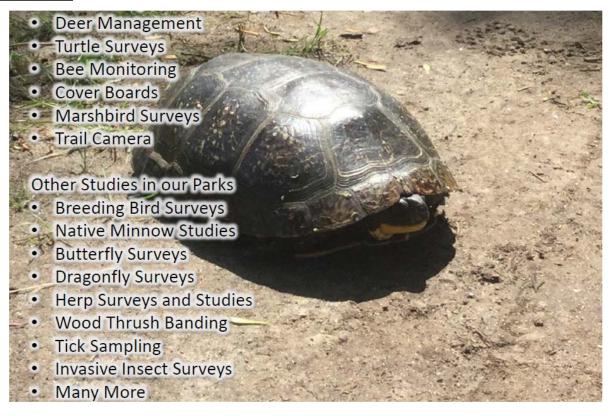
Rare Natural

Features

Rare Natural Features

	Common Name	Scientific name	SGCN*	Status
ATT HER EN	Animals			
	Red-shouldered Hawk	Buteo lineatus	х	MN Special Concern
AND DESTED STATES	Lark Sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	х	
	Acadian Flycatcher	Empidonax virescens	х	
	Blanding's Turtle	Emydoidea blandingii	х	MN Threatened
	Big Brown Bat	Eptesicu fuscus	х	
	-Milk Snake	Lamptopeltis triangulum		
	Franklin's Gull	Leucophaeus pipixcan	х	
	Fisher	Martes pennanti		
	Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus	х	
	Northern Long-Eared Bat	Myotis septentrionalis	x	MN Special Concern Fed Threatened
	Smooth Green Snake	Opheodrys vernalis	х	
Se Market Bar	Tri-colored Bat	Perimyotis subflavus	х	
	Horned Grebe	Podiceps auritus	х	
	Purple Martin	Progne subis	х	
P. A.	Virginia Rail	Rallus limicola	х	
	-Cerulean warbler	Setophaga cerulea	х	
and the second second	Forster's Tern	Sterna forsteri	х	
	Golden-winged Warbler	Vermivora chrysoptera	х	
	Bell's Vireo	Vireo bellii	х	
	Plants			
	Lily-leaved twayblade	Liparis lilifolia		
	Rattlebox	Crotalaria sagittalis		MN Special Concern
S WE TO BE	White wild indigo	Baptisia lactea		MN Special Concern
	*SGCN - Species in Greatest Conservation	on Need		

Wildlife Studies/Monitoring



RESTORATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS: WILDLIFE SURVEYS





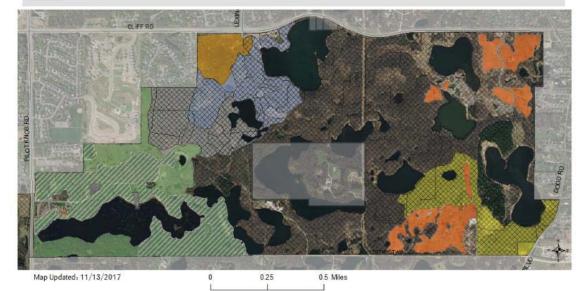


- Surveying turtles with hoop nets at Whitetail Woods and Lebanon Hills Regional Parks
- Found Blanding's, painted, and snapping turtles at Lebanon
- Other herp surveys we found a smooth green snake, milk snakes and tiger salamanders
- Small mammal surveys initiated in 2017

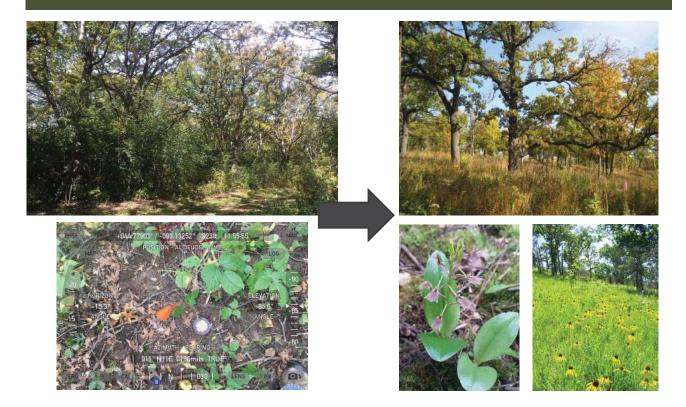
NATURAL RESOURCES RESTORATION AT LEBANON HILLS: CURRENT PROJECTS



Star Pond Woodland Enhancement Tamarack Swamp Restoration and Enhancement Buck Pond Restoration and Enhancement Jensen Woodland Phase II



UPCOMING RESTORATION: SAVANNAS AND WOODLANDS



UPCOMING RESTORATION: SAVANNAS AND WOODLANDS





VOLUNTEERING



ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS

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Project Webpage:

https://www.co.dakota.mn.us/parks/Planning/NaturalResources/Pages/leba non-hills-management-plan.aspx

